The Chicago Tribune.

VOL. 23. CHICAGO, FRIDAY, MARCH 25, 1870. NUMBER 269.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

[illegible]

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN AS [illegible]

Bookkeepers, Clerks, &c.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, IN A wholesale house or an office. [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS bookkeeper. Best of references given. [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—AS SALESMAN OR [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—IN A DRUG STORE, [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—IN A WHOLESALE OR retail store. [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—THE SUBSCRIBER, A [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED man, as clerk in some wholesale business. [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—A POSITION ON A steamer or sailing vessel, [illegible]

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A CUTTER IN CLOTHING and sewing also. [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GOOD ENGINEER. [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—AS ENGINEER, BY A [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GERMAN GARDENER of long experience. [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS carriage-maker. [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS miller and stone-dresser. [illegible]

Coachmen, &c.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, AS coachman, or to work in a grocery store. [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS coachman. Can give good city reference. Address WILLIAM WILDER, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A MARRIED MAN, as coachman or gardener; understands his business thoroughly. Address J. LYNN, care Edgar Sanders, 100 Madison-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG COLORED man, as coachman or as driver for some wholesale or retail house. Please address H W, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, IN A [illegible] family, to take care of horses, drive, and make himself useful. [illegible] Address PHILLIPS, Tribune office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—AS HOUSEKEEPER IN a small, quiet family, by an American lady. Address with terms, A F W, Box 66 Canandaigua, N.Y.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as cook in a small family, or as second girl in a private family where two are kept. References given. Apply at 397 State-st. No boarding house folks need apply.

SITUATION WANTED—AS HOUSEKEEPER TO a widower, or to attend an elderly or invalid lady, by a respectable English person. Is a good sewer. Address for two days, E S, 213 Oak-st., North Side.

Domestics.

SITUATIONS WANTED—AS COOKS, BY TWO first-class girls, [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—BY A NEAT GIRL JUST come West, [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GOOD GIRL TO [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—BY TWO COMPETENT girls, [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—BY TWO SCANDINAVIAN girls, [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—BY A SWEDISH GIRL, [illegible]

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY TWO EASTERN girls, to work by the day or week. [illegible]

Seamstresses, &c.

SITUATION WANTED—A PRACTICAL DRESSMAKER [illegible]

WANTED—TWO GOOD PRACTICAL DRESSMAKERS [illegible]

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS SEAMSTRESSES, ALSO embroiderers, [illegible]

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER [illegible]

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED—$75 A DAY TO MALE AND female agents, to introduce the BUCKEYE $20 SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. [illegible]

AGENTS WANTED—FOR OUR "FATHERS" [illegible]

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL THE LIFE OF GEORGE PEABODY. [illegible]

AGENTS WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN OF ability and energy, to sell the Life of Raymond and New York Journalism. [illegible]

AGENTS WANTED—MALE AND FEMALE, NOW [illegible] Address NORTHWESTERN MANUFACTURING CO., Janesville, Wis.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A LADY AS BOOKKEEPER; ALSO, [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

[illegible]

FINANCIAL.

BALDWIN, WALKER & CO. HAVE MONEY TO loan on good securities, [illegible]

CHATTEL MORTGAGE LOANS NEGOTIATED promptly by BALDWIN, WALKER & CO., Office 5 Otis Block, corner Madison and LaSalle-sts.

COMMERCIAL AND REAL ESTATE PAPER [illegible] K. CANFIELD, 12 LaSalle-st.

I CAN MAKE LOANS, ON SHORT NOTICE, FROM [illegible] JAMES OTIS, Room 7, 162 Madison-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FIRST-CLASS IMPROVED city real estate. BARKER & WAIT, Room 2, 157 Randolph-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE, three to five years time. WRIGHT & TYRRELL, No. 3 Metropolitan Block.

MONEY TO LOAN—ON CITY PROPERTY. MORTGAGES bought and sold. Short time paper wanted. C. D. ALDERSON & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS OF $1,000 AND UPWARDS on improved city property, [illegible] JOHN MATTOCKS, Rooms 10, 11, 12 [illegible]

MONEY TO LOAN—ON CITY AND SUBURBAN property, for three or five years. HENRY I. SHELDON, Room 18 Smith & Nixon's Building.

TO LOAN—$20,000 ON FIRST-CLASS IMPROVED city property, at 9 per cent. J. E. BURCHELL & CO., 12 Washington-st.

WANTED—FIRE INSURANCE SCRIP—HIGHEST price paid for Continental, Market, Washington, and Pacific American Fire Insurance Companies' scrip, of New York city. HUGH McDOUGALL, Room 24, 156 Washington-st.

WANTED TO BORROW, $1,500 OR $2,000, FOR six months; [illegible]

$3,000 PURCHASE MONEY MORTGAGE for sale at liberal discount. [illegible] KELLEY & SHERMAN, 137½ Madison-st., Room 2.

$3,000 TO LOAN IN ONE OR TWO SUMS, ON inside real estate. E. A. LINN, Room 7 Uhlich's Block.

$5,000 AND $2,000 TO LOAN FOR THREE years [illegible] HUTCHINSON & LUFF, 98 Dearborn-st.

$10,000 TO LOAN—IN SUMS TO SUIT, ON [illegible] real estate. GEO. H. HESS, 130 Clark-st.

$13,000 TO LOAN—ON IMPROVED CITY property, 3 to 5 years. GEO. H. HESS, 130 Clark-st.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

[illegible]

LOST AND FOUND.

[illegible]

BOARDING AND LODGING.

18 THIRD-AV., TWO BLOCKS FROM POST OFFICE. [illegible]

22 ABERDEEN-ST., WEST SIDE—CENTRAL TO business. [illegible]

28 VAN BUREN-ST.—TO RENT, WITH BOARD, a room for gentleman and wife or two gentlemen.

40 SOUTH FRANKLIN-ST.—GOOD ROOMS with board, single or double. Also a number of day boarders accommodated at low rates.

51 VAN BUREN-ST.—BETWEEN STATE-ST. and Wabash-av. [illegible]

101 NORTH DEARBORN-ST.—TO RENT, WITH board, a nicely-furnished front room, to a gentleman and wife, or two gentlemen. References required.

127 SOUTH HALSTED-ST.—FURNISHED OR unfurnished rooms, en suite or single, to rent with board. [illegible]

136 SOUTH DESPLAINES-ST.—FRONT ROOMS with board, for gentleman and wife or single gentlemen.

179 WEST MADISON-ST.—PLEASANT ROOMS, with board, for 4 or 6 gentlemen at a reasonable price.

201 MICHIGAN-AV. (TERRACE-ROW)—ROOMS in suits or singly can be obtained.

FAMILIES OR GENTLEMEN DESIRING BOARD [illegible]

MICHIGAN-AV., SIXTEENTH-ST.—A PRIVATE family [illegible] Address ANDOVER, Tribune office.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

[illegible]

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—PEW IN TRINITY CHURCH, IN the central aisle, [illegible]

FOR SALE—PATENT PARLOR BEDSTEAD GOOD as new. [illegible]

FOR SALE—CHEAP, A GOOD SAFE, NEW LAST year, [illegible]

FOR SALE—A COMPLETE SET OF GROCERY [illegible] E. J. BOWEN

TO LEASE.

TO LEASE—LOTS ON WEST LAKE-ST. [illegible]

TO LEASE—[illegible] FEET OF RIVER FRONT BY [illegible]

TO LEASE—DOCK FOR TRANSPORTATION [illegible]

CLAIRVOYANTS.

[illegible]

INSTRUCTION.

[illegible]

Subscribers to THE TRIBUNE in the West Division, west of Ada and north of Lake streets, will hereafter pay their subscriptions to a new carrier, who will collect on Saturdays (beginning to-morrow), and who is appointed in place of the late carrier, James Carney.

WASHINGTON.

Debate on the San Domingo Treaty in the Senate.

The Public Debt—Operation of the Funding Process.

Report on the Cadetship Investigation.

New Mexico Applies for Admission into the Union.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

THE CADETSHIP INVESTIGATION.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—There was a good deal of excitement in the House to-day over the final report of the cadetship investigation. The bill providing for the manner of appointing cadets met with general approval. The resolution directing the Secretary of the Navy to order a court to try Commodore Upshur for paying money to get his son into the Annapolis Academy were vigorously debated and opposed. It came out that Hoge, of South Carolina, had nominated a cadet who had passed examination. Upshur, through a man named Lanier, paid $500 to this boy to resign, and then, as is stated, through Admiral Porter, the Secretary of the Navy appointed Upshur's son. It is regarded as a queer circumstance that the members in question should not know of this. The resolution asking the Secretary of the Interior to dismiss General Schoeff seemed harsh to all acquainted with the circumstances. Messrs. Maynard, Beaman, Garfield, and Arnell, all spoke of him in high terms from personal knowledge. Messrs. Schenck and Garfield both knew him for a long time in the field. As to accepting a bribe himself, it was shown that he had ordered persons out of his rooms at the patent office who had offered him money for favorable decisions in patent cases, and had reported some parties to the Commissioner. However, the resolution was driven through. Mr. Garfield asked a question, so pointed in both style and manner as to affect the whole House. He desired to know with what poor show of consistency members could vote against Schoeff when by solemn vote the House had declared that Butler, the principal, was worthy to hold a seat among them. The resolution directing the exclusion of everybody who had attempted to bribe members from the floors, cloak rooms, reporters' gallery and other galleries, and committee rooms, was carried unanimously, but an amendment confining members to these limits seems necessary to insure reform. This business will hereafter have to be done in the corridors, the restaurants, or somewhere down town. The assertions of Maynard and Kelly, two of the oldest members, that this sale of cadetships had been a common thing for years, made a great stir, and quite a number of gentlemen felt called upon to say that the faintest suspicion of such a state of affairs had never effected an entrance into their heads till the investigation began.

DEBATE IN THE SENATE ON THE SAN DOMINGO TREATY.

An executive session of the Senate began as soon as the journal was read and continued till adjournment. Mr. Sumner moved it with the intention of simply asking to have certain additional papers printed, but after he had presented them, a majority of the Senators concluded it was best to go on with the San Domingo discussion. The first question to decide was that raised by the resolution to debate the treaty in open session. This was talked about for half an hour, and then rejected by eleven majority. Mr. Sumner thereupon took the floor and spoke for four hours and until the close of the session. It was a strong argument against ratification, and seemed to produce a marked effect on Senators, nearly all of whom gave him close attention, from first to last. A considerable part of the speech was historical in character, and he went very fully into our relations to the whole of the West India Islands, taking ground against any acquisition of territory in that quarter, at present. He told the story of internal dissension in San Domingo, and held that the condition of things down there was not such as to make it advisable for us to join our fortunes with those of that people. [illegible] is expected to speak in favor of ratification, [illegible] will probably be followed by General Schurz in opposition thereto. [illegible] of the Senate [illegible] about equally divided. The President is, however, [illegible] his case strongly, and, it is said, he does not yet consider that the treaty is defeated.

THE ARMY.

There is getting a considerable talk in all official circles about the increase or reduction of the army. Congressmen and others from Tennessee, North Carolina, and Georgia are pressing to have troops sent into their States, and there is also a constant call for a greater force on the frontier. The officers of the War Department have been consulted, and they say about 10,000 men go out of the army by the expiration of their terms of service before the end of summer, and that by next winter, if there is no recruiting, our whole [illegible] It is patent enough that if the call of the South for troops is responded to favorably, the army must be filled to its maximum at once, and it is by no means certain, say some high officers, that we can get along without an actual increase. The President is loth to send troops South till he knows the will of Congress.

CORRESPONDENTS OVERHAULED.

An investigation into the premature publication in the joint conspiracy case was begun to-day by the House Judiciary Committee under General Butler's resolution. It has been delayed because, until just now, the committee had no money. The inquiry is conducted by Messrs. Butler, Cook, and Eldridge. Just a dozen journalists, and the stenographer of the Banking Committee were summoned, but only three of them were examined. The evidence taken showed that the New York Tribune received an advance copy of the chief portion of the testimony in question, just as other leading papers did, viz: on pledges by its correspondent that it would not be used in advance, and that these pledges were broken by the paper.

GENERAL AMES.

The case of General Ames, Senator-elect from Mississippi, is expected to occupy the whole of another day in the Senate. Whether it will or not come up to-morrow is not known, as the order of business was not decided upon before adjournment to-day. His friends and supporters have made a careful canvass of the Senate, and are certain that he will be admitted by a handsome majority. He is understood to be for San Domingo, and against the Bingham amendment to the Georgia bill.

VIRGINIA DELEGATION.

Quite a number of Virginia citizens called at the White House this morning, to see the President about the affairs of their State. He heard what they had to say, but declined to express any opinion on their local quarrels. He expressed the hope that peace would prevail, and all citizens do what they could to advance the material interests of the country. He spoke briefly about General Canby, and approved his recent course at Richmond.

THE WRONG MAN.

One of the funniest scenes ever witnessed in the House, was that which occurred to-day when Mr. Hooper, of Boston, had read an article in a Philadelphia paper, lecturing him for his advocacy of polygamy. The blundering editor had, of course, confounded him with Hooper, of Salt Lake. The matter gave rise to roars of laughter.

COOK, OF ILLINOIS, ON THE FINANCES.

Mr. Cook, of Illinois, made a very carefully prepared speech on the finances of the Union last night, which, by oversight, was not noticed in the regular report. He took ground against the Tariff bill of the committee, favored the tariff for revenue, advocated the repeal of the duty on lumber and salt, and modification of the duty on pig iron and steel, and asked that whatever reduction could be made should be in the interest of the agricultural classes.

TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

THE PUBLIC DEBT—OPERATION OF THE FUNDING PROCESS.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The following table, officially prepared at the Treasury Department, exhibits the time it would take to cancel the entire public debt of the United States, $2,500,000,000, by a sinking-fund capital varying from $25,000,000 to $100,000,000 a year, interest at 6 per cent, payable semi-annually:

Capital.	Years.
$25,000,000	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]

VIRGINIA.

Several Republican members of the Virginia Legislature, accompanied by Representative Platt, paid their respects to the President to-day. Affairs in that State were briefly discussed. The President expressed no opinion as to the matter of the recovery, but said what General Canby did was to simply prevent riot and bloodshed, and he would have been blamable if he had not taken such precaution.

STEAMSHIP SUBSIDY.

The Senate Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads have agreed to report a bill [illegible] Pacific Mail Steamship Company for the service between San Francisco and China to the extent of $1,000,000 per annum, service semi-monthly. [illegible] amendment to require the company to build ships at the rate of one each year, and recommending that they be of iron.

CUSTOMS.

Customs receipts last week, $3,495,684.

RELIEVED.

Colonel Wm. Hoffman, United States Army, has been relieved at his own request from May 1 next.

CONFIRMED.

Eugene Schuyler has been confirmed as Secretary of Legation at [illegible]

NEW MEXICO.

At a meeting of the Committee on Territories to-day, Mr. Chaves, Delegate from New Mexico, appeared and made a strong argument for the passage of an enabling act to bring New Mexico into the Union as a State. He set forth that her population is at least 125,000, and that her people desire to be admitted. [illegible] under consideration.

THE ARMY—WILSON'S BILL.

Senator Wilson has prepared a new bill for the reorganization of the army, which he intends to report as a substitute for Logan's bill, now before the committee. Mr. Wilson will submit his bill to the President before reporting it. The House Committee on Foreign Affairs had read before it, Mr. Banks' report on Cuban affairs, which is to be laid before the House in connection with the neutrality laws. The committee authorize him to report it to the House, have it printed, and that a day may be set for its discussion.

CLAIMS AGAINST MEXICO.

The Secretary of State gives notice that he will continue to receive all claims against Mexico till the first of May for reference to the joint commission. Those who file claims after the 1st of March must furnish affidavits, or other proofs, showing adequate reason for the delay.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

The United States Supreme Court will hereafter strictly enforce the rule in regard to filing records, and not permit the filing of a brief after a case is called for argument. The case of Thompson and others against the Union Pacific Railroad, of Kansas, involving the validity of bonds to aid the construction of the Union branch of the Pacific Railroad, is now under argument.

THE SAN DOMINGO TREATY.

The Senate was occupied, this afternoon, four hours and a half considering the San Domingo treaty. Mr. Sumner opened the debate in opposition to its ratification, occupying the floor till the session adjourned, but giving way occasionally to Senators who made brief remarks based on answers to questions which they had propounded to him. The Senate will resume the subject to-morrow, after the reading of the Journal. The time for the exchange of ratifications expires on the 29th. [illegible] arrived here today, direct from San Domingo, bringing important official despatches, including the general result of the vote in favor of annexation. The Minister of Foreign Affairs says there is not more than two per cent in the negative. O'Sullivan refuses the statement and charges against parties who were prominent in advocating and negotiating the treaty.

WHISKEY IN BOND.

Secretary Boutwell and Commissioner Delano were before the Senate Finance Committee to-day relative to extending the time for keeping whiskey in bond. They agree in recommending that the time in the present law, one year, be retained.

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

A special message from the President in reference to American commerce was referred to the committee on that subject.

Mr. LOGAN, from the Military Committee, made a report on the subject of cadetships, which was read. It states that the committee had taken evidence in many cases, and found the greatest irregularities in appointing cadets outside the districts of members appointing; that in several cases money has been paid to parties negotiating such appointments, but except in the cases to be reported, no member appears to have been paid to member and that the facts proven are not sufficient to warrant the committee reporting any resolution. [illegible]

1. Declaring that General Schoeff, one of the Patent Office Examiners, was engaged in lending himself as a medium for the payment of money for corrupt purposes, and directing that evidence in the case be placed in the hands of the Secretary of the Interior, and that he be requested to remove Schoeff from his position as an improper person to have or hold so responsible a position under the government.

2. Directing the Speaker to exclude from all privileges of the floor, committee rooms, cloak rooms [illegible] of the House, any person who has been or may be proved guilty of having been engaged in corrupting, or attempting to corrupt, any member of Congress by directly or indirectly offering any valuable consideration, with intent to influence his action in any way pertaining to his official duty.

3. That the evidence showing that Commander Upshur, of the navy, had placed the sum of $1,500 in the hands of M. D. London, with a view to procuring the appointment of a son to the Naval Academy, be transmitted to the Secretary of the Navy, with a request to convene a court-martial to try Upshur for conduct unbecoming an officer.

After discussion, the bill, after being amended, to make the term one year, was passed.

To the resolution about Upshur, Mr. GARFIELD offered an amendment requesting the convening of a court martial to ascertain whether he had been guilty of unofficerlike conduct, which was rejected—71 against 14.

The resolution was then adopted.

That about Schoeff occasioned discussion, during which Messrs. MAYNARD and KELLEY declared that it had been a matter of common report for years that cadetships had been for sale in this House, Mr. Kelly stating that some of his predecessors told him it had been the usage of the House, and the investigation showed that one of them (Millard) was engaged in peddling appointments.

Messrs. SCHENCK, DAWES, LOGAN, MORGAN, and others, repudiated the idea that the sale of cadetships was in accordance with the custom of the House.

The resolution was then adopted, as was the one about lobby members, and the report itself.

Mr. MUNGEN requested Mr. Logan to state whether the committee had any evidence before it affecting his character.

Mr. LOGAN replied that if there had been the committee would certainly have reported the fact.

TERRITORIAL BILL.

Mr. McNEELY, from the Committee on Education and Labor, reported bills to authorize Legislative Assemblies of Territories to pass general acts of incorporation, and for educational purposes. Passed.

NATCHEZ MARINE HOSPITAL.

Mr. PIERCE, from the same committee, reported a bill donating the Marine Hospital at Natchez to the State of Mississippi for educational purposes.

The morning hour expired, and the bill went over till Tuesday.

THE TARIFF BILL.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Tariff bill.

Mr. COOK addressed the committee in favor of a reduction of the tariff on lumber, salt, steel, and pig iron. The great agricultural interest of the country was represented here by paid agents and lobbyists, but the time when this interest would be heard was coming. There could be no real prosperity in the country when its greatest producing class was oppressed.

Mr. JOHNSON made an appeal in behalf of the farming and wine growing interest of California.

Mr. McCORMICK argued against a protective tariff, and complained of the duties on iron, steel, cloth, woolen goods, &c.

Mr. [illegible] spoke in favor of the reduction of taxes. He said the men who were engaged in the production of iron in its ruder forms were amply protected, but vast numbers of artisans working in iron were not protected. On the contrary, the tariff was to them a blight. The agricultural interest was not protected. The difficulty was that freights from Chicago to Boston were more than twice the duty imposed on the agricultural products of Canada. The mechanics and artisans of the country were not directly protected, and that the class constituted a much larger number of citizens than were comprised within the protected classes. He denied the argument that protection ultimately benefited the agricultural people. It might be so in many instances, depending on the degree of protection, competition in this country, and on the amount of consumption, but it was not true in the majority of cases. It was certainly not true in respect to iron. The tariff had increased the cost of iron to ship builders, and it so it certainly must have increased it to other consumers.

Mr. KELLEY said that while the cost of foreign [illegible]

Mr. ALLISON said he was proving that the tariff increased the cost of production, and again referred to the depressed condition of ship building; he regarded the bill, reported by the Ways and Means committee, on that subject, unjust to the people, because it allowed $15 a ton to be paid back for American iron used in a ship. Why should the people of the United States be called on to pay such bounty? That bill confessedly showed that an American ship could not be built and sailed as cheap as foreign ships could, and that was attributable to the tariff. This bounty proposed to be given to American ship owners was a discrimination against the farmers who, he argued, would have to apply not only to vessels employed abroad, but to those in the coastwise trade, where there was no foreign competition. He was not prepared to vote for any such bounty. His point, however, was that the bill confessed that the duty on iron increased the cost of iron to ship builders, and, if it did, it increased it to all other consumers.

Mr. WASHBURNE asked him if he believed, with the duty taken off from it, it would be as cheap five years hence as now?

Mr. ALLISON said that was a question of arithmetic. He did not want the duties taken off iron. He wanted them reduced, and had not said the cost of iron was increased in proportion to the duties, but that it was increased to the consumer. He confessed that it was impossible to raise the necessary amount of revenue without protection, but argued that the tax should be so levied as to take out of the pockets of the people the least possible sum over and above that which it placed in the National Treasury.

A recess was taken, the evening session to be for general discussion of the Tariff bill.

STATE LEGISLATURES.

Iowa.

DESMOINES, March 24.—In the Senate, a petition of 130 citizens of Jefferson County was presented, asking for a law protecting fish in the streams of the State.

A bill authorizing counties to fund their indebtedness was passed. This is for the benefit of Western counties whose outstanding warrants are below par. It does not apply to debts arising from the issue of railroad bonds.

The House bill appropriating $25,000 to the State University was passed.

The bill resuming the one hundred thousand acres of land granted to the DesMoines Valley Railroad Company was discussed until late in the evening, and finally lost on a vote to engross—yeas, 30; nays, 21.

The bill abolishing the general term of District and Circuit Courts has passed both Houses.

The House, after the passage of two or three local bills, spent the day in discussing the Railroad Freight Tariff bill, but without coming to a vote. The bill was made the special order for to-morrow morning. Its friends claim that it will pass the House. It does not apply to roads whose gross receipts are less than $5,000 a mile.

There are no new developments in relation to the Capitol investigation.

New York.

ALBANY, March 24.—The young Democracy held a caucus this evening and resolved to call a general caucus of all the Democratic members of the Legislature, and bind every man to vote for every bill agreed on, on pain of being branded as a traitor to his party. Tweed's friends also met and talked over matters. Tweed said he would have a charter for New York ready next week that would be satisfactory to all honest men of all parties, and would reduce taxation in New York hundreds of thousands per annum.

ALBANY, March 24.—Hon. William M. Tweed announces that he has not resigned the Deputy Street Commissionership of New York, and has no such intention. He adds: "I have made sacrifices and labored to prevent divisions in the Democratic party. The individuals who have inaugurated the present troubles must be held responsible, and suffer the consequences. I bide my time, and trust in the people, whose confidence I have so long enjoyed."

OHIO.

Execution of a Notorious Murderer at St. Clairsville.

WHEELING, W. Va., March 25.—Thomas D. Carr, for the murder of Louisa C. Fox, near St. Clairsville, Ohio, in January, 1869, was hung in the county jail, at St. Clairsville, this afternoon, at 1 o'clock. No one was admitted but the newspaper reporters, Sheriff, and his assistants, [illegible] Carr was composed [illegible] his conduct during [illegible] disappeared. By his own confession [illegible] He [illegible] murders, [illegible] Miss Fox. His execution was the first that ever occurred in Belmont County, Ohio, and created great excitement.

Canal Improvement Scheme—Political.

CINCINNATI, March 24.—The Chamber of Commerce to-day, unanimously adopted resolutions requesting the Governor of Ohio to call the attention of the Legislature to the project of completing the James River and Kanawha Canal to the Ohio River, and requesting the Legislature to memorialize Congress to order a survey of the proposed route by government engineers, and that the Governor solicit the co-operation of [illegible] and Legislatures of Kentucky and [illegible]

The Republican primary elections, preparatory to the Nominating Convention, to-morrow, took place this evening. [illegible] Thos. Vickers, champion of the Anti-Bible movement, declined to go before the [illegible] in his ward for the school board, and announced his determination to become an independent candidate.

CINCINNATI, March 24.—A careful analysis of the members of the School Board who will probably be elected the first Monday in April, with those holding over, show: Bible, 23; anti-Bible, 19; doubtful, 4.

Horrible Suicide at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, March 24.—A tailor named Adam Herdt [illegible] suicide this morning, at a quarter past [illegible] by severing his head [illegible] The walls were bespattered with blood and brains, and the spectacle was a shocking one. He was in good circumstances. Had once been in the Insane Asylum, from which he had been discharged as cured. It is supposed he committed the deed while suffering from another attack of lunacy.

Murder in New Bedford, Mass.

NEW BEDFORD, March 24.—Theodore L. Parker, a grocer, aged 21, was shot dead this evening by Elizabeth B. Chapman, aged 40, who boarded in the same house, and who then shot herself through the body. She is still living, but gives no reason for the deed.

FOREIGN.

Closing Testimony in the Bonaparte Trial at Tours.

Opening Argument for the Prosecution.

The American Bishops Still Opposed to the Infallibility Dogma.

Proceedings in the British Parliament.

FRANCE.

TOURS, March 24.—The High Court of Justice [illegible] The defense then [illegible] convincing. [illegible] the good conduct of the Prince as an officer.

While one of the lawyers for the prosecution was [illegible] interrupted the proceedings. [illegible] Fonvielle, [illegible] The Prince [illegible] The Court decided to postpone consideration of the matter till the end of the sitting.

[illegible] commenced his argument for [illegible] Noir, the [illegible] relatives [illegible] related how he left the military service without permission, in 1848, for which Louis Napoleon dismissed him from the army.

At this point, the Prince became greatly excited, and exclaimed that there was a plot to aggravate him. He was severely reprimanded by the Court for interrupting the counsel.

At the conclusion of the argument for the prosecution, Fonvielle was brought in, and the presiding Judge sentenced him to ten days' confinement for contempt of court.

The closing arguments will be continued to-morrow.

TOURS, March 24.—The Procureur General has been notified that the cases of persons accused of conspiracy against the State and life of the Emperor, will come before the High Court, now in [illegible]

LONDON, March 24.—A correspondent at Tours comments on the evident purpose of all the witnesses to suppress or distort the facts in the Noir case.

The cable from Aden, Arabia, through the Red Sea to Suez, Egypt, has been successfully laid, completing the direct submarine line from Bombay to Suez.

PARIS, March 24.—The strike at La Creuzot is confined to a portion of the workmen who are looking under political excitement. It is expected that it will soon be suppressed.

LONDON, March 24.—The strike of workmen at La Creuzot, France, continues. Several demonstrations have been made by the men, but so far have been harmless. The military and police are active. It is thought that political feeling is involved in this second outbreak of laborers at La Creuzot. Some arrests have already been made.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, March 24.—The clipper ship Patria made a voyage from England to Sidney, Australia, in sixty-seven days, the shortest passage recorded.

An eminent London City Solicitor has absconded.

DUBLIN, March 24.—[illegible]

LONDON, March 24.—The surveying [illegible] Sea [illegible] The trip was successful beyond expectation.

LONDON, March 24.—In the House of Commons to-night, Monsell, Under Secretary for the Colonies, [illegible] of the Canadian Dominion. They contain no statement that England is prepared to concede Colonial independence.

Mr. Gladstone indignantly repelled the charge that he had repudiated the solemn promises in favor of Ireland, made during the canvass in Lancashire.

The House went into committee on the bill for enforcing the laws in Ireland. [illegible] arms to one year was rejected.

In the House of Lords, this evening, the Consolidated Fund bill was passed. [illegible] After which, the House adjourned.

LONDON, March 24.—In the divorce case of Watkins vs. Watkins, a decree was granted, defendant being in America [illegible]

ITALY.

THE AMERICAN BISHOPS STILL OPPOSED TO THE DOGMA OF INFALLIBILITY.

[illegible]

WURTEMBERG.

STUTTGART, March 24.—The King has accepted the resignation of the Ministry. A new Cabinet has been formed, with Kolner as President of the Council; Colonel Von Suckow, Minister of War; and Councillor Von Scheurlen, Minister of the Interior.

GREECE.

ATHENS, March 24.—The Greek Government has authorized the construction of a railroad from Athens, via Corinth, to some point on the western coast of Greece.

WEST INDIES.

BAEZ REFUSES AN ENGLISH LOAN.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Among the passengers by the steamer San Domingo is Hartmount, who went out on the last trip for the purpose of making a tender to Baez of £250,000 sterling of the loan negotiated through him with Lawson & Co., of London. He reports the positive refusal of Baez to accept this money, because of his obligations to this government pending the treaty of annexation.

The World's San Domingo correspondent writes that the vote in favor of annexation is large, but the government has apparently facilitated ballot-box stuffing by agents, and that the vote announced [illegible] in spite of the reported vote in favor of the scheme.

HAVANA, March 24.—About 1,500 Spaniards and many Cubans attended a mass meeting last night. Resolutions were adopted protesting against any policy which involves the sale of Cuba to the United States.

The United States steamer Yantic arrived to-day. All well.

Jamaica correspondence notes the arrival of United States Consul Phillips from Santiago de Cuba, with the statement that he fled to avoid threatened assassination by the Spanish volunteers, the Governor being confessedly unable to protect him.

MISSOURI.

Registering Colored People Under Difficulties.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

KANSAS CITY, March 24.—Captain Miseres, Superintendent of Registration, has commenced to register colored voters. Two hundred and twenty were registered to-day. The Mayor has impeached him before the Council, who will investigate the case at once. Miseres refuses to recognize the Mayor's right to suspend him. The Mayor and a majority of the council are rebels.

The St. Louis Bridge Construction—Workmen Disabled from Working in the Air Chamber Under the Pier.

ST. LOUIS, March 24.—At the investigation to-day at the City Hospital, on the body of Lewis Baum, the jury found a verdict that he died from congestion of the brain, and other organs, caused by working in the air chamber under the pier of the bridge at this point. The testimony disclosed the fact that unhealthy organizations were quite seriously affected by working in the air chamber, where the pressure is about forty pounds to the square inch, producing muscular paralysis, congestion, derangement of the system. There are now some thirty men at the hospital suffering more or less from the effects of working in the air chamber, and quite a number under treatment at the hospital of the Bridge Company.

ILLINOIS.

Of Interest to Justices of the Peace—The New United States Marshal for Southern Illinois.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

SPRINGFIELD, March 24.—The following decisions of the Governor, made to-day, regarding Justices of the Peace, will be of interest not only to that class of officials, but to all the people. County Clerk Hawley, of Lee County, writes and asks if in new towns in counties that have adopted township organization, the Justices of the Peace elected to hold only to the quadrennial date that is until this spring, or for four years. Dixon of their election; that the town of [illegible] their was organized in 1867, and [illegible] Justices, and [illegible] Governor has decided [illegible] term only, and that any that [illegible] since the last regular election for Justices of the Peace, which was in the spring of 18[illegible], will hold only until this spring, they only being elected to fill the unexpired quadrennial term commencing with 1866.

The other question decided by the Governor was from the County Clerk, Templeton, of Bureau County, who writes that some Justices of the Peace in that county who were re-elected, have continued to act without taking a new oath and getting a new commission, claiming that they do so under the provisions of their old commission, which says that they are to act until their successor is duly elected and qualified, and being their own successors they are not obliged to qualify, and they continue to act for the new term under their old commissions. In this case the Governor has decided as follows: If the Justices of the Peace failed to qualify, as required by the statutes, their offices are vacant, and new elections should be ordered, in the fact that persons having served one term make [illegible] no difference.

Of course, the duty of the County Clerk, under the decision of the Governor, is plain. New elections should be ordered in the cases to which he refers, to fill the vacancy made by such persons failing to qualify, as the law plainly directs.

Captain John L. Kount, United States Marshal for Southern Illinois, to-day filed his official bond with the United States Circuit Clerk, and was sworn into office by Judge Treat. It is pointed that he will not interfere with Deputies to fill [illegible] General Logan will [illegible] know the qualifications of Captain [illegible] office.

A man named [illegible] and cousin [illegible] the State Auditor [illegible]

The case of Chatterton, on account of the illness of [illegible] of Judge Rice, before [illegible] the case was to be tried [illegible]

The Merchants' St. Louis, Arkansas & White River Packet Company, capital stock $100,000, East St. Louis being its location, filed articles of association to-day.

Death of Two More of the Victims of the Railroad Disaster at Quincy—Mule Stealing.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

QUINCY, March 24.—Moore Crouse and [illegible] Hendricks, two of the victims of the dreadful railroad accident which took place here yesterday, died to-day. Crouse at 1 o'clock this morning, and Hendricks [illegible] It is feared that [illegible] but a short time, [illegible]

[illegible] has rised in consequence of his death. [illegible] a wife and four children. [illegible]

[illegible] a man named [illegible] was arrested [illegible] with stealing a span of mules [illegible] Nicholas [illegible] to Miller & Hughes, of this city, last fall, for [illegible] At the Coroner's inquest [illegible] the death of the three [illegible] employes were connected from all blame.

Corrections.

PEORIA, Ill., March 24.—The accident reported as occurring on the Toledo, Peoria & Warsaw Railroad, the other day, proves to be a canard, originating in the brain of a newspaper reporter. The road is in good condition, trains running regularly. No collision or disaster whatever has taken place for months.

THE WEST.

A Swindler Tripped Up—Personal—Indian Affairs.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

OMAHA, March 24.—A swindler, named Camp, was arrested here, to-day, for working $100 out of a discharged soldier. After an exciting trial the matter was compromised, Camp refunding the money. [illegible] The swindler was invited to leave town immediately.

A car, said to belong to the government, and containing the money for the last instalment of the purchase of Alaska, went through here, to-day, [illegible]

Grand Sire [illegible] of the United States I. O. O. F., and Prof. Todd, of Galesburg, Ills., left for San Francisco this morning. They had a reception at Council Bluffs, last evening, which was largely attended from all points [illegible]

[illegible] native quiet. [illegible] the agencies, and says the prospects for the Indians for the coming summer are excellent. The agencies have ordered $4,000 to be withheld from their annuities for the purchase of agricultural implements.

Travel is constantly increasing. About three hundred passengers went west this morning.

Weather rainy. River running clear, with a good stage of water.

A Mormon Paper on the Cullom Bill.

SALT LAKE, March 24.—The News, in regard to the passage of the Cullom bill by the House, says the striking out of the five sections rids it of several of the most repulsive features; that they were enough for Congress to swallow, and if the many changes the House would never pass this bill in any form, and that it is a clear invasion of the constitution and indirect contravention of its principles. It says: "We cannot say what the Senate will do with it, but this we can say: If it passes, [illegible] the signature of the President and become a law, it will not meet the wishes and answer the expectations of its authors." It says: "Personally, we care not what action be taken on the question. Persecution drove us from township to township, and county to county, [illegible] The most valuable experience we possess to-day we gained through persecution, and do not dread its effect." It also says: "If men would [illegible] the Cullom bill, and then rally armies and attempt to take, drive, and exterminate. If it should pass the Senate and be signed by the President, we may then discuss its merits and its probable effect."

Murder Trial at Salt Lake—Mining News.

SALT LAKE, March 24.—Augustus Sprouse was tried at Ogden for the murder of Martin Earle, October 11 of last year, and sentenced to be hung. The case was appealed before Chief Justice Wilson, United States Court, yesterday. The jury were out four hours, and returned a verdict of murder in the second degree. A motion was made for a new trial.

Three rich silver and gold leads have been struck near Ophir. A party is now at work. The ore will assay at from one hundred to seven hundred dollars per ton.

The Mormon conference has been postponed until May 1.

Trade is dull. The weather is mild, and the miners are going to work.

THE INDIAN QUESTION.

Letter from General Sheridan to General Sherman.

Washington (March 23) Despatch to the Cincinnati Commercial.

The following important official communication from General Sheridan was received today at army headquarters:

"HEADQ'RS MIL. DIV. OF THE MISSOURI, CHICAGO, Ill., March 18, 1870.

"General W. T. Sherman, commanding United States Army, Washington, D. C.:

"GENERAL: The further report of Colonel Baker, in reference to the punishment of the Piegan Indians, has not yet been received.

"It seems strange that there should be such a want of knowledge of the position which army officers have to maintain in reference to Indian affairs. I have in my command at least five thousand miles of frontier settlements, my chief and only duty being to give protection to the families residing on these long lines against the outrages of the Indians. The government has invited these settlers by opening the lands to them for [illegible] [illegible] great, and there is a day from [illegible] year's end to the other that these families are exempt from the fearful threat of being murdered in the most fiendish manner, the men scalped, the women ravished, the brains of the children dashed out. When I said, in a previous letter, that eight hundred had met that fate since 1862, I was below the figure, and should have said twelve thousand. My duties are to protect these people. I have nothing to do with the Indians, but in the connection there is scarcely a day in which I do not receive the most heartrending appeals to save them from the cruel fate which may come upon them; and I am forced to the alternative of choosing whether I shall regard their appeals, or allow them to be butchered in order to save myself from the hue and cry of people who know not the Indian, and whose families have not the fear, morning, noon, and night, of being ravished and scalped by them. The wife of the man at the centre of wealth, civilization, and refinement is not more dear to him than is the wife of the pioneer of the frontier. I have no hesitation in making my choice. I am going to stand by the people over whom I am placed, and give them what protection I can.

"We have not the troops to place at each man's house to defend it, and have sometimes to take the offensive to punish for crimes already committed, in order to prevent the perpetration of others. In taking the offensive, I have to select that season when I can catch the fiends; and, if a village is attacked and women and children killed, the responsibility is not with the soldier, but with the people whose crimes necessitate that attack. During the war, did any one hesitate to attack a village or town occupied by the enemy because women or children were within its limits? Did we cease to throw shells into Vicksburg or Atlanta because women and children were there? If the women and children were saved in these places, it was because they had cellars to go into; and should any of the women and children of the Piegans have lost their lives, I sincerely regret they had not similar places of refuge, though I doubt if they would have availed themselves of them, for they fight with more fury than the men.

"The soldiers do not want to kill Indians. After two years of Indian frontier service, I am satisfied they are the only good, practical friends the Indians have.

"We can not avoid being abused by one side or the other. If we allow the defenceless people of the frontier to be scalped and ravished we are burnt in effigy and execrated as soulless monsters, insensible to the sufferings of humanity. If the Indians are punished to give security to these people, we are the same soulless monsters from the other side. This is a bad predicament to be in; but, as I have said, I have made my choice, and am going to stand by the people whom the government has placed me here to protect.

"The reservation is the last ditch to the wild Indian; but, to get him there, he must be forced by the troops. Those who think he can be induced to go there by other means are mistaken. When on the reservation, he will have to be kept there by the presence of troops, and thus become tangible for the good work of civilization; and he can only be protected in his rights while there by troops keeping off the emigrants who encroach on his land. All these points are practically exhibited each year.

"The Cheyennes, Arrapahoes, Comanches, Kiowas and Apaches have just been forced on by the troops. During the last year, as soon as I withdrew the troops from the Sac and Fox Reservation, [illegible] almost ten thousand flood of [illegible] in solid mass and occupied the [illegible] reservation, because there were no [illegible] there to keep them off. All the other reservations on which the Indian may yet be placed will be lost in the same manner, unless guarded by the military. Yours truly,

"P. H. SHERIDAN, Lieut. Gen."

Universal Amnesty.

Washington (March 23) Despatch to the Cincinnati Commercial.

The President to-day, in an interview with Senator Boreman, of West Virginia, and Senator Johnson, of Virginia, stated he had already prepared a special message to Congress, in which he recommended the passage of a law granting universal amnesty to all lately in rebellion. He stated he was in favor of granting amnesty to all and every one who desired it, and that all they would have to do would be to make a record of the same at the nearest court, &c. Senator Boreman said he was in favor of general amnesty, with but few exceptions, and those he would never consent, so far as he was concerned, to being given the franchise privilege. The President did not desire to make any exceptions, and his message would so recommend nothing but universal amnesty. He said, further, that after Georgia and Texas are admitted he would send in the message alluded to. Senator Johnson said he was sure it would do more to heal all differences in regard to the late war than any act that could be done.

ENGAGED.

HOOOSKY—MESSING—March 23, Miss Fanny Hooosky to Rev. Dr. A. Messing, both of Chicago. No cards.

MARRIED.

WEEKS—ROBINSON—March 23, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. J. C. Goodspeed, Mr. J. A. Weeks and Miss Sarah C. Robinson.

JONES—PATTERSON—At Armstrong, Indiana, March 22, by Rev. Mr. Buckles, D. A. Jones, Jr., of Chicago, and Mary, daughter of James Patterson, of Armstrong.

GRIBLER—BOOTH—On Wednesday, March 23, at the residence of the bride's parents, [illegible] Frederika B. Booth, all of this city.

SHURTLEFF—BEKKER—In this city, March 24, by Rev. G. S. F. Savage, Benjamin Shurtleff, Esq., and Mrs. Margaret A. Bekker, both of Chicago.

DIED.

JOHNSON—In this city, March 24, Harry Edwin, only child of J. Edwin and Carrie Johnson, aged [illegible]

FORSYTHE—The funeral services of Mr. H. H. Forsythe will be held at [illegible]

Mr. Joseph L. Hall:

SIR: Without attempting a detailed reply to your long columns of windy nonsense, of which the public, as well as myself, are heartily tired, I may concede that they are unanswerable in the main, from the fact that in the main there is nothing to answer. If they mean anything, it is, likewise, to reiterate the exploded fallacy that you have been unable to get at my locks in use in this city to try your skill in picking them. If some of them have been refused, has it never occurred to you that your own reputation for sham and trickery might have something to do with such refusal? Or, have you never thought that the public might so far penetrate your motives as to see that behind your blatant professions of a desire for such a test, there has been a constant "by-play" of low cunning to prevent it? I know, you know, and the public knows, that you did defeat and refuse such an arrangement when it might have been made, had you backed up your gasconade with honest co-operation, or even an acceptance; and your quibbling denial of it is more damaging to your integrity than to the fact.

I now propose, as far as possible, to settle this contest between ourselves, without further taxing the patience, and exciting the disgust of Bankers in hopeless wrangling with an opponent who boasts that he can "wriggle out of any place that he can wriggle into." (If this is an attainment upon which you pride yourself, so much, I have only to say with reference to it, wriggle, my dear sir, wriggle by all means!)

I shall soon have two of my Locks upon one of your own Safes, in place of Victor Locks removed, and you can begin the proposed trial for $1,000 upon one of them on Saturday morning (March 26) of this week, if you choose. If not, you can take your own course, and I will take mine. If the result shall prove that my work is in any way defective, I shall be ready in the future as I have ever been in the past, to carry it forward to the highest attainable point of excellence, and give my patrons and the public the full benefit of all improvements. If it shall demonstrate the weakness and worthlessness of your Locks and Safes, that responsibility will rest with you. And, if it shall open the eyes of the public to the facts—whoever may get hurt—and raise the character of burglar-proof work to a higher standard of security, the community will have more cause for gratitude than for censure.

Upon this issue I am prepared to take the field with you, and abide the results, trusting to the public, to whose kindness I am greatly indebted, to do you and me equal justice in the future.

It is needless for me to say here that I have discovered easier methods by which to get at the contents of your best safes than by picking even an ordinary lock. It would be idle to spend time in adjusting more delicate instruments, when a simple ratchet drill in ordinary hands will do the work in a few minutes, as I have already demonstrated and am prepared to repeat.

As you affect to believe that the drilling of your spindles was a sham, and that the temper had first been drawn, I will say, once for all, that whoever, by your authority or in your interest, makes such an assertion, is either foolishly deceived himself or maliciously trying to dupe the public. In proof of which I will, if permitted, repeat the operation upon any or all the Victor Lock spindles upon your new safe now in use by the Fifth National Bank in this city, in the presence of any committee which you may appoint, provided said spindles have not been altered or exchanged since March 15, and shall so remain until the time of trial.

JAMES SARGENT.

CHICAGO, March 24, 1870.

P. S.—My offer of the 14th inst., which you were particular to designate in your proposal, did not name any particular lock or locks for the trial. It was simply my "AUTOMATIC LOCK," leaving the matter of furnishing a lock at my own disposal.

Is it utterly impossible for you to make one unexaggerated statement? SARGENT.

BLACK ALPACAS.

IMPORTANT TO THE TRADE.

THE CELEBRATED

(Trade Mark—Patented 1869.)

BLACK ALPACAS,

Pronounced by all GOOD JUDGES as FAR SUPERIOR in APPEARANCE, COLOR, and FINENESS of FABRIC, to any imported.

Our line is now complete, and at NEW BASIS of PRICES, consequent upon the decline in GOLD.

Any one buying the above Goods, or ordering sample pieces, if not fully satisfied with them, can return same by express at our expense.

FIELD, LEITER & CO., SOLE AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES.

P. S.—We are also sole CHICAGO Agents for CHENEY BROS'. American Black Gros Grain Silks, Which we offer to the trade by piece or case at manufacturers' prices.

PAPER HANGINGS.

Paper Hanging DECORATIONS.

ALL THE NEW SPRING STYLES.

E. G. L. FAXON & CO. 74 & 76 Lake-st.

BANK LOCKS.

SARGENT TO HALL.

SPRING FASHIONS.

SPRING FASHIONS! E. BUTTERICK & CO.'S Pattern and Fashion Rooms, [illegible]

BUSINESS CARDS.

CYRUS P. THOMAS, Architect, [illegible]

FARWELL, ELLSWORTH & CO., Solicitors of Patents and Counsellors in Patent Causes, [illegible]

GENERAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the "Railroad Office Clerks' Mutual Life Insurance Association of the United States," will hold their annual convention in the city of Chicago, on Tuesday, 12th day of April next, for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year [illegible]

TIME.

NOW IS THE TIME TO PAY HYDE PARK TAXES. [illegible]

DRESS GOODS.

ROSS & GOSSAGE, Sole Agents for the celebrated "Rouillon," or Harris Seamless, and "Jugla" KID GLOVES, Have now in stock a superb assortment of Novel Styles and Colors, "At Reduced Prices," and have large daily arrivals of "High Novelties" in Laces, Embroideries, Ribbons, Sashes, &c., of their Own Importation, at "Low Prices." 106 & 108 STATE-ST., AND 56 and 58 Washington-st.

FURNITURE.

THAYER & TOBEY FURNITURE COMPANY, 87, 89 & 91 STATE-ST.

A. L. HALE & BRO., Manufacturers, and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in FURNITURE. The LARGEST STOCK and the LOWEST PRICES in the West.

SASH BALANCE.

SASH BALANCE, Without springs or weights, and better than either, at much less cost. Energetic men, with some capital, may now secure their choice of territory in any part of the United States. HARRISON & HALLACK. At Office of Field, King & Co.

STATIONERY.

J. M. W. JONES, 108 & 110 RANDOLPH-ST., Keeps the largest and best-assorted stock of STATIONERY AND Blank Books In the city. Makes books to order, and does PRINTING of every description and at short notice. Randolph-st., between Dearborn and Clark.

PIANOS.

PIANOS. PIANOS. REDUCTION! REDUCTION! Satisfied a general reduction must take place in all merchandise, in consequence of the great FALL IN GOLD! The manufacturer of the well-known and favorite HIGGINS PIANO Has reduced the prices on all grades. [illegible] FIRST IN THE FIELD. CALL AND TEST THE TRUTH. 150 South Clark-st.

OMNIBUS LINE.

STAGE LINE On Wabash-av. The E. I. P. Omnibuses are running independent of the R. R. Line, and selling 15 tickets for $1.00. Parties interested in a competing line of travel on the South Side should patronize (as much as possible) the E. I. P. Stages.

GRAIN STORAGE.

REDUCTION OF ELEVATOR STORAGE! OFFICE OF IOWA ELEVATOR, No. 7 CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, CHICAGO, March 24, 1870. Until further notice we will store Railroad Grain at the following rates: For the first twenty days, one (1) cent per bushel; and for every ten days thereafter, or part thereof, one-half (½) cent per bushel. The Northwestern Railway Company having refused to connect with a side track which we have laid down from our Elevator to their road, we will haul grain from their road, when placed on convenient side tracks, at one-half (½) cent per bushel. All grain to be subject to Board of Trade inspection, and weighed by sworn weighers. SPRUANCE, PRESTON & CO.

STOVES.

Stewart's New Improved COOKING STOVE. DUMPING AND SHAKING GRATE, AND DUST PROOF ASH DRAWER. Enlarged Flues, Large Oven, and will bake as quick with Hard Coal as Wood. [illegible] DALTON & CO. 71 LAKE-ST.

PATENTS.

LAHM'S Spring Bed Bottom, Patented November 2, 1869. [illegible]

LAUNDRY.

MUNGER'S OPERA HOUSE LAUNDRY Court-place, rear of Opera House

MASONIC NOTICES.

Masonic. A special convocation of WASHINGTON CHAPTER No. 43, R. A. M., THIS (Friday) EVENING at 7½ o'clock. Work on P. and M. E. M. Degrees. JOHN WHITLEY, Secretary.

Masonic. ATTENTION, SIR KNIGHTS.—Stated Conclave of [illegible] Commandery, [illegible] J. O. DICKERSON, Recorder.

DOLLAR STORE.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES!

1 doz. of real Saxony Hose, in gilt-edged boxes, for $1. These Stockings are worth, wholesale, $1.37 1-2 cents, in gold. We have a job lot.

$1 buys a whole dozen of large Dinner Napkins.

6 Hemstitched (Ladies) Handkerchiefs, extra fine quality, for $1.

5 Pair of best 3-thread (Ladies) Hose, No. 500, for $1.

6 Linen Towels for $1.

3 Pair of real British Half Hose, for "Gentlemen," for $1.

1 Case of Phalon's best Elder-flower Soap, together with a large bottle of Phalon's Night Blooming Cereus, only $1.

Albums, containing 100 Pictures—something extra—for $1.

Just received, the first lot of REAL BOHEMIAN GARNET NECKLACES, for $1.

SOMETHING NEW. The Rigolette Set—a Parisian novelty—in Cameo, Topaz, Emerald, and Amethyst, for $1 the complete Set. These Sets are all the rage in Paris now. A limited supply just received.

4 Boxes of Initial Paper, with 8 Bundles of Envelopes, and 4 Perfume Satchets, all together, for $1.

ALSO, A FRESH SUPPLY OF THE CELEBRATED FOO-CHOW-FOO BASKET TEA, The Purest Tea in the Market, JUST RECEIVED, And Sold for $1 the Original Chinese Basket.

STEIN'S CITY OF PARIS ONE DOLLAR STORE, 83. SOUTH CLARK-ST. 83.

HATS.

BROADWAY Spring Style SILK HATS. J. A. SMITH & CO. Are now selling their celebrated light and fine French Moleskin Hats AT GOLD PRICES. 98 STATE-ST., OPPOSITE FIELD, LEITER & CO.

AMIDON HATS. London and Parisian Spring Styles of Hats, for Gentlemen.

MONOGRAM HATS JUST RECEIVED. BISHOP & BARNES, Fashionable Hatters, 115 Lake-st.

BARNES, STRYKER & BARNES, The Leading Hatters of the West, Have all the Latest Styles of Business Hats, of the finest quality. Also, the new Storm Hat. Corner Washington & Clark-sts.

REAL ESTATE.

NORWOOD PARK. FOR SALE—Two good Residences, with 5 to 10 acres high ground. Pleasant, commanding outlook. Large barns, granaries, shrubbery, summer houses, old bearing orchards, fruit trees, flower gardens, and shrubs. Only six miles from city limits, on N. W. R. R. The highest ground within ten miles of Chicago. SHELDON & CO., 89 Washington-st.

WEST LAKE-ST. At a great bargain, 5½ ACRES on West Lake-st., about [illegible] west of Western-av., having a full front on Central Park. Part on time. Title perfect. SNYDER & LEE, Real Estate Agents, No. 4 Metropolitan Block.

SOUTH PARK & BOULEVARD. Five-acre block, corner of Egandale-av. and Fifty-seventh-st., near the Park and Boulevard. SNYDER & LEE, Real Estate Agents, No. 4 Metropolitan Block.

CHOICE CORNER LOT ON NORTH LASALLE-ST. [illegible] BAIRD & BRADLEY, Phoenix Building, 90 LaSalle-st.

For Sale Cheap. [illegible] E. R. KERFOOT & CO., 71 Dearborn-st.

ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY.

THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY, 52 & 54 Dearborn-st., Chicago. CAPITAL..........$10,000,000 Eastern and Southern Express Forwarders. This company have made arrangements to extend their lines over the PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY TO CHICAGO, And have opened an office at 52 and 54 Dearborn-st. [illegible] They carry from Chicago via the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway, [illegible] J. L. HOPKINS, Agent.

THREAD.

Trade Mark for the United States.

BEST SIX-CORD. JOHN & HUGH AUCHINCLOSS, Sole Agents in New York for J. & P. COATS, of Paisley, Scotland.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

OUR Stock of CHOICE French, Scotch and English WOOLENS, of our OWN importation, for Men's wear, is now FULL and COMPLETE. ELY, DRAPER and TAILOR, 3 & 4 Washington-st., Chicago.

MEDICAL.

MUNROE'S Rheumatic Compound, TAKEN INTERNALLY AND EXTERNALLY, AND WARRANTED TO EFFECTUALLY CURE ANY CASE OR CONDITION OF RHEUMATISM OF LONG OR SHORT STANDING. [illegible] at FULLER, FINCH & FULLER'S.

LUMBER.

NORTH PIER PLANING MILL AND BOX FACTORY, Office, Factory, and Lumber Yard, foot of North Water-st., North Pier, Chicago, Ill. THE CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE CITY TO BUY Flooring and Siding and Dressed Lumber. [illegible] THOMAS GOODWILLIE, Proprietor.

WRAPPING PAPER.

WRAPPING PAPER, Paper Sack Flour Bags, Cotton, Jute, and Flax Twines, at Manufacturers' Prices, at PETTIBONE'S, 104 & 106 Randolph-st. Cash for Rags and Metals.

FOR SALE.

TIMBER! [illegible] WOLCOTT, BRADLEY & CO.

OFFICE DESKS Closing out AT COST at J. KNOX & CO.'S, 203 Lake-st.

FLAXSEED FOR SALE. [illegible]

I WILL SELL My Furniture, [illegible] W. W., Post Office Box [illegible]

TO RETAIL WOOD DEALERS. DRY SLABS, ON DOCK, FOR SALE CHEAP. KRETTINGER BROS. [illegible]

NEW MUSIC.

TRARMOEWEBE (Dream Visions), Nocturne for the Piano, BY ROBERT GOLDBECK..........Price, [illegible] [illegible] ADORATION POLKA, for the Piano. By Robt. Goldbeck. [illegible] ROOT & CADY, 67 Washington-st., Chicago.

TRUSSES.

Elastic Stockings, [illegible]

BRUSHES.

BRUSHES. [illegible] WOOD BROS. & CO., [illegible] Michigan-av.

FEATHER DUSTERS.

FEATHER DUSTERS Of every description, at manufacturers' prices. WOOD BROS. & CO., [illegible] Michigan-av.

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS

SAPOLIO CLEANS WINDOWS, MARBLE, KNIVES, POLISHES TIN WARE, IRON, STEEL, &c. Depot, 211 Washington-st., New York

BOUNTY CLAIMS.

$100 BOUNTY. [illegible]

FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

GILLETT'S CHEMICAL WORKS, 58 & 60 South Water-st., CHICAGO. THE OLDEST HOUSE IN THE CITY. GILLETT, McCULLOCH & CO., Manufacturers of Flavoring Extracts, Baking Powder, Liquid Bluing, Washing Crystal, Pepper-Box and Dry Bluings, Inks.

REMOVED.

DR. J. WILBUR, Magnetic Physician, [illegible]

SEEDS.

FOR SEED. [illegible]

BOOTS AND SHOES.

LYMAN, PAGE & CO. WHOLESALE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE, 84 WABASH-AV., Are receiving, at their New Store, a large stock of Boots & Shoes purchased since the recent decline in Gold, and which are being offered at prices that DEFY COMPETITION! Orders promptly filled, and satisfaction guaranteed.

CARRIAGES AND WAGONS.

CARRIAGES. BREWSTER & CO., OF BROOME-ST. WAREROOMS, Fifth-av., Corner Fourteenth-st., NEW YORK. Elegant Carriages & Road Wagons [illegible] BAROUCHES, LANDAUS, CABRIOLETS, VICTORIAS, COUPES, BROUGHAMS, PHAETONS, PONY CARRIAGES, NEWMARKET and TANDEM CARTS. [illegible] "BREWSTER WAGON," [illegible]

HOSIERY AND NOTIONS.

IRVINE & CO., WHOLESALE HOSIERY, NOTIONS, Ladies' Dress Trimmings And Furnishings. [illegible] One Hundred and Ten. To close CASH BUYERS we offer extra inducements in the way of discounts, viz.: For Cash within 10 days, 6 per cent. For Cash within 30 days, 3 per cent. [illegible] IRVINE & CO. 13 LAKE-ST.

DRY GOODS.

D. W. & A. KEITH & CO., 76 & 78 Wabash-av., WHOLESALE FANCY DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, Hosiery and Gloves, White Goods, Linens, &c. Have a large and desirable stock of the above Goods, which they offer to the Trade at the Lowest Prices.

BANKRUPT STOCK OF Fancy Dry Goods, Gloves, Hosiery, Umbrellas, Parasols, White Goods, Men's Furnishing Goods, Hoop Skirts, Trimmings, and Notions generally. For sale cheap for cash to the trade. Must be sold at once. MELLEN & CORBY, 42 Randolph-st., UP STAIRS.

TRANSPORTATION.

Lake Navigation Open. The propeller steamer ST. JOSEPH, will leave for Racine, Milwaukee, Port Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Two Rivers, and Kewaunee, SATURDAY, March 26, at 7 o'clock p. m. Office and Docks, Goodrich's Steamboat Landing. T. G. BUTLIN, Supt.

FINANCIAL.

GLENDINNING, DAVIS & AMORY, BANKERS AND BROKERS, No. 17 Wall-st., New York, AND GLENDINNING, DAVIS & CO., PHILADELPHIA. Receive Deposits subject to check, allow interest on standing and temporary balances, and make collections on all accessible points. Gold, stocks and bonds bought and sold strictly on commission.

$30,000 Wanted For five years, on improved real estate in Iowa worth [illegible] Inquire of R. PARKER PIERCE, Note and Bill Broker, 126 Dearborn-st.

$3,000 Wanted For three years, on choice farming property in Illinois. Inquire of R. PARKER PIERCE, Note and Bill Broker, 126 Dearborn-st.

$4,000 Wanted For 3 to 5 years, on improved Chicago city property. Inquire of R. PARKER PIERCE, Note and Bill Broker, 126 Dearborn-st.

Good Commercial Paper AND PURCHASE-MONEY MORTGAGES Bought by R. PARKER PIERCE, Note and Bill Broker, 126 Dearborn-st.

$50,000 TO LOAN in Amounts of [illegible] MEAD & COE, 154 Washington-st.

WANTED—$8,000, [illegible]

WANTED.

WANTED. [illegible]

Cavalry Horses Wanted. Will pay $125 per head, subject to inspection. Inquire at Union Stock Yards, [illegible] BENHAM & PATTERSON.

WOOLLEN MANUFACTURES. [illegible]

OCEAN STEAMERS.

CUNARD MAIL LINE. STEAM WEEKLY TO AND FROM New York, Queenstown, Londonderry, Glasgow and Liverpool. CHINA, MALTA, SCOTIA, PALMYRA, RUSSIA, SIBERIA. [illegible] No. 5 Lake-st., corner Michigan-av., Chicago.

VINEGAR.

PRUSSING'S CIDER VINEGAR [illegible]

PROPOSALS.

To Contractors.

[illegible] SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned at the office of the board, in the city of Elgin, Kane County, Ill., until 12 o'clock m. on the 18th day of April next, for the erection of that portion of the new Hospital Building at Elgin, authorized by "An Act to establish the Northern Illinois Hospital and Asylum for the Insane," approved April 16, 1869. [illegible]

H. W. PADELFORD, Secretary Board of Trustees. [illegible]

BEEF CATTLE,

[illegible]

PROPOSALS FOR SUBSISTENCE STORES. [illegible]

SEALED PROPOSALS [illegible]

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS. [illegible] UNTIL APRIL 4, A. D. 1870. [illegible] JOHN McCAFFREY, President.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE. [illegible] Deakman & Sprochule [illegible]

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

Dissolution of Copartnership. [illegible] S. B. HAGGARD & CO. [illegible] Chicago, March 24, 1870.

DISSOLUTION. [illegible] Chicago, March 23, 1870.

DRUGGIST.

ROCKWOOD & BLOCKI, Importers & Wholesale Druggists 199 Lake and 90 Wells-sts., CHICAGO. [illegible]

SHIRTS.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES OF SHIRTS. [illegible] WILSON BROS., 124 and 126 Dearborn-st., Chicago, [illegible]

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

NATIONAL LINE—NOTICE. To parties bringing out their friends from Ireland, England, Scotland, France, Germany, Norway, Sweden, Prussia, Italy [illegible]

THE COURTS.

Additional Tax Judgments—Alleged Dedication.

Criminal Cases on Trial in the Recorder's Court.

Superior Court.

ADDITIONAL TAX JUDGMENTS.

Laying water service pipes in Jefferson street, from Lake street to the river, excepting as to property objected for by E. Roby.

Laying water service pipes in Twelfth street, from Halsted to Beach street, except as to the property of all objectors.

Laying water service pipes in Michigan avenue from Thirty-second to Twenty-ninth street, excepting as last stated.

Laying water service pipes in Halsted street, from Lake street to the river, excepting as to property of objectors filed by Roby.

Laying water service pipes in Dearborn street, from Water to Division street, excepting as last stated.

Laying water service pipes in North avenue, from Wells to the river.

Laying water service pipes in Clinton street, from Van Buren to Harrison street, excepting as to property represented by Roby.

Laying water service pipes in Randolph street from Michigan avenue to the river, excepting as to the property of all objectors.

Laying water service pipes in Ohio street, from Clark to Dearborn street, except as to property of objectors.

Laying water service pipes in Madison street from Halsted street to Western avenue, excepting as last stated.

Laying water service pipes in West Van Buren street, from Halsted to Loomis street, excepting as above.

Laying private drains in Clinton street, from Van Buren to Harrison street, excepting as last stated.

Laying private drains in Jefferson street, from Twelfth to Thirty-second street, excepting as last stated.

Laying private drains in Clinton street, from Van Buren to Harrison street, excepting as last stated.

Laying private drains in Lake street, from Halsted to Sangamon street, excepting as to property objected for by Roby.

Sidewalk on south side of Harrison street, from Sangamon to Halsted.

Extension of Goethe street, from Clark to Sedgwick, excepting as to property of objectors.

Widening Michigan avenue, from Twenty-second to Thirty-second street.

Widening Halsted street, from Van Buren to Tyler street, excepting as to property of objectors filed by Roby.

Paving Park avenue, from Reuben to Leavitt street.

Planking alley through south half of Block 41, Section 7, 39-14 west. Warrant withdrawn.

Paving Dearborn street, from Division street to Notre avenue. Judgment against the city.

Edward P. Towne et al. v. Horace P. Wattles. Decree entered for the partition of the following described property in Robert J. Hamilton's Subdivision of the west half of the east half of the south-west quarter of Section 31, 39-14 and the north-west quarter of Section 31, 39-14 east: Lots 11 and 12 in Block 1; also Lots 1 and 2 in Block 2, being Lots 11 and 12 in Block 1 in Wattles's Subdivision of the north half of said quarter, according to the plat of said subdivision recorded in the Recorder's office, on the 23d day of May, 1865, which is set apart to the Cook County School Section Trustees.

Estate of Mary Ann Wattles. Will proved, and letters testamentary granted to Barnabas Hubbard, a daughter of deceased, under bond of $4,000.

Estate of Mary Twogood. Will proved, and letters testamentary issued to Barnabas Hubbard, under bond of $4,000.

United States Circuit Court.

John C. Martin et al. v. James Stone. Exceptions for Lord & Smith to Master's report. Argued. Addison in the law of Chiffonette, Peoria County.

No Police Courts.

Recorder's Court.

John R. Mills having pleaded guilty of a conspiracy to defraud the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad Company out of a quantity of lumber, valued at $50, was sentenced to the House of Correction for a term of six months. Thomas Hanlon, a well-dressed young man, pleaded guilty to the charge of stealing a watch, valued at $40, from the person of Mary Hoffman, on the night of March 18. He was sentenced to the House of Correction for six months. Charles Johnson, a colored man, pleaded guilty to the charge of stealing a watch, valued at $40, from the person of Mary Ann Johnson, on the night of March 18. He was sentenced to the House of Correction for

[S]UPERVISORS.

Vote Expelling Kearney from the Board Made Unanimous.

...te of Assessm... Capital—Di... nt on Bank Cos... cussion on ... and Hay.

Overh... uling of the Po... House and Pauper Committee ... Charging the Visitors.

Supervisor Holland on the Defensive—His Black List.

People with Curly Hair on their Heads and Brussels Carpets on their Floors Provided with Coal.

Meeting of the Committee of Five on the Gerber Bribery Case.

Board of Supervisors.

The Board of Supervisors met yesterday morning, President Buthardt in the chair. The clerk called the roll, and the minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION.

Supervisor GRIFFIN wished to state that when he voted yesterday on the expulsion of ... he was under the impression that ... had no opportunity to defend himself, but having since learned that he was mistaken, he wished to be clear on the record, and, therefore asked permission to change his vote from nay to yea.

The permission was accordingly granted.

PLACED ON RECORD.

Supervisors Holland, Christopher, Busse, and Brolston, who were absent when the vote was taken, were allowed to vote for expulsion.

Supervisor FREISE moved that the hospital question be made the special order for 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Supervisor WORTHINGTON moved that when they adjourn they adjourn until Tuesday week next.

Supervisor GUENTHER moved to adjourn until the first Monday in June.

The PRESIDENT resigned his place on the Committee of Nine.

The resignation was accepted.

Supervisor CLARK moved that Supervisor Kelly take the vacant place.

Supervisor ACKHOFF was also nominated. He was appointed to the vacancy.

Supervisor WAITE asked to resign his place on the Committee of Five.

Supervisors MORRISON and CLARK objected.

The objections were sustained.

Several communications were referred to the Committee on Equalization of Taxes.

BANK TAXES.

The Committee on Equalization of Taxes reported as follows: ...

The report concluded by thanking the Law Institute for service given.

Supervisor WATERMAN stated that concurrence in the report would involve the county in a loss of $94,000.

The report was concurred in.

COAL FOR POOR FARM.

Supervisor HOLLAND, from the Committee on Poor House and Paupers, reported that Hartwell Bros. are supplying coal for $5.50 per ton, ...

...

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The board reassembled at 2 p. m., President Buthardt in the chair. The roll was called.

...

Committee of Five.

The Special Committee of five of the Board of Supervisors met at half-past 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in Room No. 3 Tribune Building, and resumed the consideration of the charges made against Supervisor Gerber by ex-Supervisor McDermott.

...

The committee adjourned.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

The alarm from Box No. 296, at ten minutes after 7 o'clock last evening, was caused by the discovery of fire in the dry house attached to the planing mill of Henry & Campbell, on the corner of Twelfth and Canal streets. ...

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

...

The Watch Question—A Card.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune:

SIR: We wish to correct the impression which is conveyed in a report lately published in regard to a law suit brought against us by the National Watch Company, of Elgin, Ill. ...

HOWARD & CO., No. 619 Broadway, New York.

Professor Richards.

Science will be made fascinating at Farwell Hall to-night by this eloquent and popular lecturer. ...

To the Ladies.

...

Adoration Polka.

"Adoration Polka," by Robert Goldbeck, is both bewitching and musical. Published by Root & Cady.

Fires.

QUINCY, Ill., March 24.—Stillwell's foundry, near Hannibal, Mo., was burned last night. ...

Reciprocity Resolutions in the Nova Scotia Legislature.

HALIFAX, March 24.—In the Legislature last night, Mr. Dickie introduced resolutions as follows, which were made the special order for Friday week: ...

A Citizen of Troy Murdered by Burglars.

TROY, March 24.—A man named Manning Van Derheiden was murdered last night by three robbers ...

Breaking up of the Mississippi at Davenport.

...

Baltimore Items.

...

Cuban League of the United States.

...

NEW YORK.

The Row in the Democratic Camp.

Proposition to Coalesce with Republicans Against Tammany.

Demand for American Securities in Europe.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

THE ROW AMONG THE DEMOCRACY.

NEW YORK, March 24.—The politicians continue excited over the row in the Democratic ranks. ...

JOINED THE EGYPTIAN ARMY.

...

WALL STREET.

...

SMUGGLING SCHEME.

...

TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

...

INDIANA.

Arrest of Post Office Robbers—Attempted Suicide—Political.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 24.—The Post Offices at Lebanon and Thorntown were robbed last night of stamps, cash, and letters. ...

PACIFIC COAST.

Railroad Bridge Burned—Earthquake in Arizona—Indian Outrages.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 24.—Four spans of the Central Pacific Railroad bridge over the American River ...

WISCONSIN.

Military Reunion—Railroad Election.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MILWAUKEE, March 24.—The Twenty-ninth Regiment Wisconsin Volunteers will hold a reunion on the 4th of May, at Watertown, Wis. ...

BUSINESS NOTICES.

The Ladies' Sorosis Club, of New York, ...

The New Cancer Cure—This Important discovery ...

Paper Hangings and Window Shades, ...

Rough Skin made smooth by using Juniper Tar Soap, ...

AMUSEMENTS.

CROSBY'S OPERA HOUSE.

FOX PANTOMIME COMPANY AND KIRALFY TROUPE OF Hungarian Sensation Dancers,

HUMPTY-DUMPTY, and HICCORY-DICCORY DOCK.

REV. WM. ORMISTON, D. D., The Eloquent Canadian Divine, Will deliver a Lecture in OLIVET CHURCH, Corner Wabash-av. and Fourteenth-st., Friday Evening, March 25. SUBJECT: "SOUL, AND SOCIETY." TO COMMENCE AT 8 O'CLOCK. CARDS OF ADMISSION, 50 CENTS.

FARWELL HALL. LECTURE. REV. A. L. STONE, Of San Francisco, will deliver his popular Lecture entitled "THE SUNSET LAND," IN FARWELL HALL, ON Thursday Evening, March 31.

CROSBY'S OPERA HOUSE. Grand Complimentary Benefit TO BE GIVEN TO THE WIDOW OF JAMES C. BURNETT. Matinee and Evening Performance.

McVICKER'S THEATRE. MR. FRANK MAYO. BELPHEGOR, THE MOUNTEBANK.

AIKEN'S MUSEUM. FROU FROU!

DEARBORN THEATRE. MANNING'S MINSTRELS. MAZEPPA;

STANDARD HALL. GRAND CONCERT, GIVEN BY Miss CARRY GOLDSTICKER, AT THE STANDARD HALL, FRIDAY, MARCH 25, 1870.

FARWELL HALL. PROF. RICHARDS.

AUCTION SALES. By WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., AT THEIR SALESROOMS, Nos. 5, 7, 9 & 11 Randolph-st.

DRY GOODS, SILKS, HOSIERY, POCKET CUTLERY, UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS, YANKEE NOTIONS, &c., AT AUCTION, BY WM. A. BUTTERS & CO.

REGULAR FRIDAY SALE. NEW FURNITURE,

GEO. P. GORE & CO., Auction & Commission Merchants, 22, 24 & 26 Randolph-st.

FURNITURE.

PERSONAL.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

TO RENT—STORES.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

MACHINERY.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

PARTNERS WANTED.

LOST AND FOUND.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

WANTED—TO RENT.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

AGENTS WANTED.

FINANCIAL.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARD WANTED.

FOR SALE.

TO LEASE.

INSTRUCTION.

WASHINGTON.

The San Domingo Treaty Further Discussed in the Senate.

Mr. Allison's Speech in Favor of a Revenue Tariff.

Another Scene in the House over the Cadetship Business.

An Ex-Congressman Writes Plainly on the Subject of Bribery.

Synopsis of the Army Bill Introduced in the Senate.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

THE SAN DOMINGO TREATY.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The San Domingo treaty occupied all of to-day's session of the Senate but the morning hour, ...

THE CADETSHIP BUSINESS.

There was another scene in the House to-day over the cadetship business. ...

FREEDMEN'S BUREAU FUNDS.

In the distribution of the balance on hand of certain funds of the Freedmen's Bureau, General Howard has agreed to send $20,000 to Kentucky to be distributed by his superintendents there. He has also made a donation of $5,000 to Oberlin College, Ohio.

THE ARMY BILL

...

THE JOURNALISTIC BREACH OF FAITH.

...

THE FUNDING BILL

...

TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

...

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

...